

Consolidated Financial Statements and Consolidating Information

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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KPMG LLP 1 East Pratt Street Baltimore, MD 21202-1128

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors
Gilchrist Hospice Care, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Gilchrist Hospice Care, Inc. and its subsidiaries d/b/a Gilchrist Services, Inc. (the Hospice), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Gilchrist Hospice Care, Inc. and its subsidiaries d/b/a Gilchrist Services, Inc. as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information in Schedules 1–2 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.



October 6, 2016

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

Assets		2016	2015
Current assets:	•	10.685	5 044
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,625	7,364
Limited or restricted use funds		2,460	1,771
Patient accounts receivable, net of reserves of \$1,747 and \$2,956 Other receivables		5,932 549	7,710 713
Inventories and prepaid expenses		114	242
Current pledge receivables		1,238	500
Total current assets		20,918	18,300
Noncurrent assets:			
Investments and limited or restricted use funds		79,744	80,314
Pledge receivables, net		2,084	1,084
Property, plant and equipment, net		12,691	12,203
Other assets		284	299
Total noncurrent assets		94,803	93,900
Total assets	\$	115,721	112,200
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	5,174	4,091
Insurance reserves, current		150	228
Current portion of long-term debt			489
Advances from affiliates		762	932
Other current liabilities		478	356
Total current liabilities		6,564	6,096
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term debt			777
Insurance reserves		274	247
Other long-term liabilities		615	615
Total liabilities		7,453	7,735
Net assets:			
Unrestricted		85,665	83,209
Temporarily restricted		8,392	7,074
Permanently restricted		14,211	14,182
Total net assets		108,268	104,465
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	115,721	112,200

Consolidated Statements of Operations

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

	 2016	2015
Patient service revenue: Patient service revenue, net of contractual allowances Provision for uncollectible accounts	\$ 48,380 (1,656)	41,391 (1,751)
Net patient service revenue	46,724	39,640
Other operating revenue: Other revenue Net assets released from restrictions Total operating revenue	 157 3,547 50,428	90 3,519 43,249
Operating expenses: Salaries, wages and employee benefits Expendable supplies Purchased services Depreciation Interest	33,022 3,889 8,938 1,358 31	30,451 2,971 7,547 1,268 40
Total operating expenses	47,238	42,277
Total operating income	3,190	972
Other income (expense): Contributions Fund-raising expense Investment (loss) income, net Inherent contribution	 685 (968) (451)	708 (1,003) 2,908 1,357
Total other (loss) income	 (734)	3,970
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 2,456	4,942

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

		2016	2015
Excess of revenues over expenses and changes in unrestricted net assets	\$	2,456	4,942
Changes in temporarily restricted net assets: Contributions Investment (loss) income, net Net assets released for operations Inherent contribution		5,279 (414) (3,547)	2,947 24 (3,519) 31
Increase (decrease) in temporarily restricted net assets		1,318	(517)_
Changes in permanently restricted net assets: Contributions Investment loss, net Inherent contribution		140 (111) —	286 (89) 2,322
Increase in permanently restricted net assets	_	29	2,519
Increase in net assets		3,803	6,944
Net assets, beginning of year		104,465	97,521
Net assets, end of year	\$	108,268	104,465

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

		2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Change in net assets	\$	3,803	6,944
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net		•	•
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense		1,358	1,268
Provision for uncollectible accounts		1,656	1,751
Realized/unrealized loss (gains) on investments		2,614	(1,330)
Restricted interest income on investments		(272)	(169)
Restricted contributions		(5,419)	(3,233)
Inherent contribution related to Joseph Richey acquisition Changes in assets and liabilities:		_	(3,710)
Decrease (increase) in patient accounts receivable		122	(3,541)
Decrease in other assets		307	24
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued			
expenses		1,154	(328)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		5,323	(2,324)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Increase in investments and restricted use funds		(2,461)	(1,963)
Additions to property and equipment		(1,846)	(398)
Cash assumed in connection with Joseph Richey House		, , ,	, ,
acquisition			245
Net cash used in investing activities		(4,307)	(2,116)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Payment on long-term debt		(1,266)	(52)
Transfer (to) from affiliates		(170)	Ì76
Proceeds from restricted contributions		3,681	3,072
Net cash provided by financing activities		2,245	3,196
Increase (decrease) in cash		3,261	(1,244)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		7,364	8,608
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	10,625	7,364
Cash paid for interest	\$ 	23	32
•			

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 and 2015
(In thousands)

(1) Nature of Operations

Gilchrist Hospice Care, Inc. (the Hospice) is a not-for-profit corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of GBMC HealthCare, Inc. (the Company). The Hospice, doing business as Gilchrist Services, Inc., provides inpatient and home care hospice services and provides education about hospice care and bereavement services to the public and the healthcare community in Maryland.

Acquisition of the Joseph Richey House, Inc.

On October 31, 2014, the Hospice entered into an Affiliation Agreement with Joseph Richey House, Inc. (JRH) and Brownlow Byron Home, Inc (BBH), collectively referred to as Richey, under which the Hospice became the sole member of JRH and BBH. No consideration was tendered in connection with the transaction.

JRH is an inpatient hospice residence for terminally ill persons lacking a caregiver in their own homes. JRH has been serving patients in Baltimore City since 1987, providing residential, acute and respite care. JRH is a not-for-profit organization.

BBH is not-for-profit organization that provides elderly and disable persons with housing facilities services in the Richey facility since 1997.

The affiliation was accounted for under the purchase accounting method for business combinations and the financial position and results of operations for Richey were consolidated by the Hospice beginning on November 1, 2014. The Hospice recognized an inherent contribution equal to the estimated fair value of the identifiable net assets of Richey on the acquisition date of \$3,710, of which \$1,357 was included in nonoperating income on the consolidated statements of activities and \$31 and \$2,322 were included as a temporarily restricted and permanently restricted inherent contributions, respectively, and reported in the consolidated statements of changes in net assets.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at November 1, 2014 (the acquisition date):

Assets:		
Current assets	\$	709
Property and equipment		4,002
Other long-term assets		2,259
Total assets	\$	6,970
	al .	
Liabilities:		
Liabilities: Current liabilities		1,834
	\$	1,834 1,426

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

Net assets:	
Unrestricted	\$ 1,357
Temporarily restricted	31
Permanently restricted	2,322
Total net assets	3,710
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 6,970

The following table summarizes the Hospice's pro forma consolidated results for the year ended June 30, 2015 as though the acquisition date occurred on July 1, 2014.

	2015	
Total operating revenue	\$ 44,033	
Total operating income	275	
Changes in net assets:		
Unrestricted	\$ 3,585	
Temporarily restricted	(548)	
Permanently restricted	 197	
Total change in net assets	\$ 3,234	

Hospice's consolidated financial statements include JRH and BBH since the organization has both control and economic interest in these entities.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, carried at cost, which approximates fair value, include amounts invested in accounts that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three months or less. Cash balances may exceed amounts insured by federal agencies and, therefore, bear a risk of loss. Hospice has not experienced such losses on these funds to date.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

(c) Limited Use Funds

Limited use funds are designated by the donor for a specific use or purpose. Once the donor restrictions have been met, these funds are then released for operations.

(d) Investments and Investment Income

The Hospice investment portfolio is considered a trading portfolio. Investments in marketable securities are measured at fair value. The fair values of the investments are based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes. See note 4 for the discussion of the measurement for fair value for investments.

Alternative investments are recorded under the equity method of accounting. Underlying securities of these alternative investment may include certain debt and equity securities that are not readily marketable. Because certain investments are not readily marketable, their fair value is subject to additional uncertainty, and therefore, values realized upon disposition may vary significantly from current reported values.

Investment income or loss (including realized gains and losses on investments, interest, and dividends) is included in excess of revenues over expenses unless the income or loss is restricted by the donor or law. Investment income on investments of temporarily restricted or permanently restricted net assets is recorded as an increase or decrease in temporarily restricted net assets to the extent restricted by the donor or law.

Investment income is recorded on the accrual basis. Purchases and sales of investments are reflected on a trade-date basis. Realized gains and losses on sales of investments are based on historical cost.

In May 2005, Hospice received an unrestricted contribution of approximately \$25 million to support the ongoing activities of the Hospice. The board of directors of the Hospice has internally designated the contribution for future use.

(e) Allowance for Bad Debts

Patient accounts receivable are reduced by allowances for bad debts. In evaluating the collectibility of accounts receivable, the Hospice analyzes historical collections and write-offs and identifies trends for each of its major payor sources of revenue to estimate the appropriate allowance for bad debts and provision for uncollectible accounts. Management regularly reviews its estimate and evaluates the sufficiency of the allowance for bad debts. The Hospice analyzes contractual amounts due from patients who have third-party coverage and provides an allowance for doubtful accounts and a provision for bad debts. For patient accounts receivable associated with self-pay patients, which includes those patients without insurance coverage exists for a portion of the bill, the Hospice records a significant provision for bad debts for patients that are unable or unwilling to pay for the portion of the bill representing their financial responsibility. Account balances are charged off against the allowance for doubtful accounts after all means of collection have been exhausted.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

Hospice allowance for doubtful accounts decreased from 27% to 23% of gross accounts receivable from June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016.

The activity in the allowance for bad debts is summarized as follows for the fiscal years ended June 30:

	 <u>2016</u> .	<u>2015</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 2,956	1,486
Provision for uncollectible accounts	1,656	1,751
Less write offs	 (2,865)	(281)
Ending balance	\$ 1,747	2,956

(f) Ground Lease

Ground lease represents the prepayment for the lease of land used by the Hospice. The ground lease is being amortized over 40 years, through March 2033, which is the life of the lease. Ground lease expense was \$16 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, and is recorded as purchased services on the consolidated statements of operations. Ground lease prepayments are included in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets.

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 3 to 36 years. The cost and accumulated depreciation relating to property, plant, and equipment sold or retired are removed from the respective accounts at the time of disposition and the resulting gain or loss is reflected in the consolidated statements of operations.

(h) Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities consist of a capital advance in the amount of \$615 from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The capital advance does not bear any interest and is not required to be repaid as long as the housing remains available to eligible low-income households for a period of 40 years, expiring in 2040, and functions in accordance with Section 811.

(i) Donor-Restricted Gifts

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets to Hospice are reported at their fair value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give and indications of intentions to give are reported at fair value at the date the gift is received. The gifts are reported as either temporarily or permanently restricted if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose of the

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified as unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reported as unrestricted contributions in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

(j) Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use by the Hospice has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose. Permanently restricted net assets have been restricted by donors to be maintained by the Hospice in perpetuity.

Richey is one of six named beneficiaries of a charitable trust and receives annual distributions for 50 years, which began in 2005. The distributions are to be used for the unrestricted general charitable purpose of the Richey. After the 50 years, the trust corpus will be distributed to the charities as long as they continue to qualify as a charitable organization under Sections 171(c) and 2055(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The corpus must be used to create an endowment fund which is permanently restricted and the income should be used for the organization's unrestricted general charitable purpose. The fair value of the trust is included in permanently restricted net assets.

(k) Net Patient Service Revenue

Net patient service revenue is billed on a per-diem basis based on the Medicare fee schedule and contractual agreements for other third-party payors.

(1) Excess of Revenues over Expenses

The consolidated statements of operations include a performance indicator, excess of revenues over expenses. The changes in unrestricted net assets that are excluded from excess of revenues over expenses, consistent with industry practice, include contributions of long-lived assets, including assets acquired using contributions, which by donor restriction were to be used for the purpose of acquiring such assets.

(m) Financial Assistance

As part of the Hospice's mission, it provides hospice care without discrimination on any grounds, including the patients' ability to pay for services. Patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy receive free care or services for which the Hospice accepts payments at less than its established rates.

Because the Hospice does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue. Based on established rates, the Hospice recorded \$340 and \$112 of charity care in 2016 and 2015, respectively. The total direct and indirect cost of providing the financial assistance was approximately \$221 and \$103 in 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

(n) Income Taxes

The Hospice is a not-for-profit corporation as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and is exempt from federal income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Code.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes clarifies the accounting for uncertainty of income tax positions. This guidance defines the threshold for recognizing tax return positions in the financial statements as "more likely than not" that the position is sustainable, based on its technical merits. This standard also provides guidance on the measurement, classification and disclosure of tax return positions in the consolidated financial statements. The Hospice has adopted this guidance, and there were no amounts recorded in the consolidated financial statements during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 for uncertain tax positions.

(o) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(p) New Accounting Pronouncements

The FASB issued Accounting Standards update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). This ASU establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from the entity's contracts with customers. Particularly, that an entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 is effective for fiscal year 2019. Hospice does not anticipate that the adoption of this ASU will have a material impact on its financial position or its results of operations.

The FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (ASU 2016-02)*, which will require lessees to recognize most leases on-balance sheet, which will increase their reported assets and liabilities. The adoption of ASU 2016-02 is effective in fiscal year 2020, and will require application of the new guidance at the beginning of the earliest comparable period presented. Early adoption is permitted. Hospice is currently assessing the impact of the adoption of ASU No. 2016-02 which is expected to increase the Company's assets and liabilities but not have a significant impact on the results of operations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

The FASB issued ASU No. 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities (ASU 2016-14)*, which amends the requirements for financial statements and notes in Topic 958, Not-for-Profit Entities (NFP), and requires a NFP to:

- Reduce the number of net asset classes presented from three to two: with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions;
- Present expenses by their functional and their natural classifications in one location in the financial statements;
- Provide quantitative and qualitative information about management of liquid resources and availability of financial assets to meet cash needs within one year of the balance sheet date.

The adoption of ASU 2016-14 is effective in fiscal year 2019, and is applied retrospectively in the year of adoption. Hospice does not anticipate that the adoption of this ASU will have a material impact on its financial position and results of operations.

(3) Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Hospice grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of net patient service revenue and patient accounts receivable from third parties as of and for the years ended June 30 is as follows:

	Accounts re	ceivable	Reven	ue
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Medicare	66%	52%	86%	83%
Medicaid	4	4	3	3
Blue Cross	6	13	1	1
Commercial managed care				
entities	8	15	6	7
Other third party payors	16	16	4	6
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Hospice provides hospice services in the state of Maryland. Hospice and other healthcare providers are subject to certain inherent risks, including: dependence on revenues derived from reimbursement by the federal Medicare and state Medicaid programs, and government regulation, government budgetary constraints, and proposed legislative and regulatory changes.

The Medicare and state Medicaid reimbursement programs represent a substantial portion of the Hospice's revenues and the Hospice's operations are subject to a variety of other federal, state, and local regulatory requirements. Failure to maintain required regulatory approvals and licenses and/or changes in such regulatory requirements could have a significant adverse effect on the Hospice. Changes in federal and state

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

reimbursement funding mechanisms and related government budgetary constraints could have a significant adverse effect on the Hospice.

As a result of recently enacted and pending federal healthcare reform legislation, substantial changes are anticipated in the U.S. healthcare system. Such legislation includes numerous provisions affecting the delivery of healthcare services, the financing of healthcare costs, reimbursement to healthcare providers, and the legal obligations of health insurers, providers, and employers. These provisions are currently slated to take effect at specified times over the next decade. This federal healthcare reform legislation did not affect the 2016 and 2015 consolidated financial statements.

Additional Documentation Requests or (ADR) began in December 2009 to perform prepayment reviews of claims targeted to those services with the highest improper payments. ADR reviews at the Hospice covered areas of beneficiary election statement, certification, plans of care and eligibility.

(4) Investments and Limited Use Funds

Guidance for fair value measurements establishes a hierarchy of valuation inputs based on the extent to which the inputs are observable in the marketplace. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity and unobservable inputs reflect the entities own assumptions about how market participants would value an asset or liability based on the best information available. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value under current guidance must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The guidance describes a fair value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, that may be used to measure fair value.

The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used by the Hospice for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The three levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the same term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The tables below presents the balances of assets measured at fair value by level excluding alternative investments in the amount of \$356 and \$327, which are accounted for under the equity method, as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively:

			June 30	, 2016	
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Managed cash funds	\$	4,035	_	_	4,035
Corporate debt securities		-	2,455		2,455
Bonds – treasury		134	_		134
Bonds - federal agency backed			96	_	96
Bonds – fixed income			474		474
Bonds – fixed income international		_	52	_	52
Mutual funds – fixed income		_	22,511	_	22,511
Municipal bonds	_		126		126
Total fixed income		134	25,714		25,848
Common stock		39,299	58	232	39,589
Foreign stock		3,241	_	_	3,241
Mutual funds		9,135			9,135
Total equity	_	51,675	58	232	51,965
Total investment and limited or restricted					
use funds		55,844	25,772	232	81,848
Less current portion		2,460	<u> </u>		2,460
Total noncurrent investment and limited or restricted					
use funds	\$	53,384	25,772	232	79,388

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

			June 30	2015	
	_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Managed cash funds	\$	5,799	_	_	5,799
Corporate debt securities Bonds – fixed income Bonds – fixed income international Mutual funds – fixed income Municipal bonds		 	5,662 387 77 18,589 155	_ _ _ _	5,662 387 77 18,589 155
Total fixed income			24,870		24,870
Common stock Foreign stock Mutual funds		37,793 3,767 9,271	 	258 — —	38,051 3,767 9,271
Total equity	_	50,831		258	51,089
Total investment and limited or restricted use funds		56,630	24,870	258	81,758
Less current portion	_	1,771			1,771
Total noncurrent investment and limited or restricted use funds	\$_	54,859	24,870	258	79 <u>,9</u> 87

Hospice values Level 1 marketable securities using the closing market prices as of the valuation date. Fair values determined by Level 1 inputs utilize quoted trades at least weekly in an active market. The Hospice values Level 2 investments using the current prices published. Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs utilize data points that are observable, such as quoted prices, interest rates, and yield curves.

As of June 30, 2016, the alternative investments consisted of subscription partnership agreements with capital commitments of approximately \$1.9 million, which are subject to periodic distributions. These alternative investments are valued at fair value using NAV or equivalent as determined by the General Partner in the absence of readily ascertainable market values. Distributions under this investment structure are made to investors through the liquidation of the underlying assets. All assets are unable to be fully distributed to the limited partners until the dissolution of the partnership, which may not be until a point in the future. The fair value of limited partnership interests is generally based on fair value capital balances reported by the underlying partnerships, subject to management review and adjustment. Security values of companies traded on exchanges, or quoted on NASDAQ, are based upon the last reported sales price on the valuation date. Security values of companies traded over the counter, but not quoted on NASDAQ, and securities for which no sale occurred on the valuation date are based upon the last quoted bid price. The

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June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

value of any security for which a market quotation is not readily available may be its cost, provided however, that the General Partner adjusts such cost value to reflect any bona fide third party transactions in such a security between knowledgeable investors, of which the General Partner has knowledge. In the absence of any such third party transactions, the General Partner may use other information to develop a good faith determination of value. Examples include, but are not limited to, discounted cash flow models, absolute value models, and price multiple models. Inputs for these models may include, but are not limited to, financial statement information, discount rates, and salvage value assumptions.

As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Level 3 investments consist of \$232 and \$258, respectively, of preferred shares in a private equity fund. The private equity fund is a part of the permanently restricted trust in which Joseph Richey holds an economic interest and were recorded pursuant to the acquisition of Joseph Richey and the consolidation of its financial statements. The shares are valued at their fixed redemption value. There were no significant transfers between levels during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Fair value of the fixed assets acquired in the acquisition of Richey was determined using a market comparable technique, which is considered a Level 3 valuation technique.

Investments and limited or restricted use funds comprise of the following uses and purposes at June 30:

	 2016	2015
Insurance settlements	\$ 424	476
Donor restricted	19,281	19,672
Unrestricted	 62,499	61,937
	\$ 82,204	82,085

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

Investment income and gains (losses) for cash and cash equivalents and investments and limited use funds comprise of the following for the years ended June 30:

	 2016	2015
Unrestricted income (loss): Dividends and interest, net Realized gains on sales of investments Unrealized losses on investments	\$ 1,366 1,650 (3,467)	1,344 3,131 (1,567)
Total unrestricted (loss) income, net	\$ (451)	2,908
Temporarily restricted income (loss): Dividends and interest, net Realized gains on sales of investments Unrealized losses on investments	\$ 272 375 (1,061)	169 939 (1,084)
Total temporarily restricted (loss) income, net	\$ (414)	24
Permanently restricted income (loss): Unrealized losses on investments	\$ (111)	(89)
Total permanently restricted loss, net	\$ (111)	(89)

(5) Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment as of June 30 consisted of the following:

	 2016	2015
Land and land improvements Buildings and building service equipment	\$ 114 18,401	114 17,087
Leasehold improvements Office furniture and equipment	 192 5,591	96 7,286
	24,298	24,583
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (11,607)	(12,380)
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 12,691	12,203
Depreciation expense	\$ 1,358	1,268

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

(6) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt as of June 30 consisted of the following:

	2016	2015
M&T mortgage note – 5.5%	\$ 	830
M&T line of credit – 4.0%	 	436
	_	1,266
Less current portion of long-term debt	 	(489)
	\$ 	777

On December 13, 2015, the Company repaid the mortgage payable and line of credit, which were assumed in connection with the acquisition of Richey.

(7) Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets available for the following purposes and amounts released as of and for the years ended June 30 were as follows:

	Available	balance	Rele	ased
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Charity and uncompensated care	\$ 2,739	4,266	985	1,146
Jewish Hospice Program	2,697		_	
Departmental needs	1,024	1,069	1,869	1,824
Gilchrist Kids	948	1,120	370	437
Time Restriction	561	586		_
Joseph Richey	 423	33	323	112
Total temporarily restricted net				
assets	\$ 8,392	7,074	3,547	3,519

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

Permanently restricted net assets as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 are restricted to the following:

	_	2016	2015
Endowment for charity and uncompensated care	\$	10,068	10,067
Joseph Richey endowment		2,133	2,246
Gilchrist kids endowment		1,885	1,869
Jewish Hospice Program	_	125	
Total permanently restricted net assets	\$_	14,211	14,182

The Hospice's endowment fund consists of a \$10 million endowment for charity and uncompensated care, as well as other donations from individual donors. Earnings on the endowment for charity and uncompensated care are temporarily restricted for such purposes.

During fiscal year 2012, the Board of Directors of the Hospice established the Gilchrist Kids endowment with an initial goal of raising \$5 million.

The Hospice has no internal board-designated endowment funds recorded in unrestricted net assets. The net assets associated with endowment are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Hospice has interpreted the "Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act" (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Hospice classifies as permanently restricted net assets the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure of the Hospice in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Hospice considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund
- The purposes of the Hospice and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- General economic conditions
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- Other resources of the organization
- The investment policies of the organization

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

The Hospice had the following activities to its endowment fund during the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, delineated by net asset class:

		Unrestricted	Temporary restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2014	\$	_	4,907	11,663	16,570
Investment return: Investment income, net Net appreciation (realized and		_	327	_	327
unrealized)			100	(89)	11
Total investment return		_	427	(89)	338
Inherent contribution Contributions Appropriation of endowment assets		_ _	_	2,322 286	2,322 286
for expenditure			(1,145)		(1,145)
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2015	\$		4,189	14,182	18,371
Investment return: Investment income, net Net appreciation (realized and unrealized)	\$	_	296 (689)	— (111)	296 (800)
Total investment return	-			(111)	(504)
		_	(393)	. ,	, ,
Contributions Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure			(1,081)	140	(1,081)
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2016	\$_		2,715	14,211	16,926

(a) Endowment Funds with Deficits

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the value of the initial and subsequent donor gift amounts (deficit). When donor endowment deficits exist, they are classified as a reduction of unrestricted net assets. As of June 30, 2016, there was one endowment with a deficit that was insignificant. There were no deficits as of June 30, 2015.

(b) Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Hospice has adopted endowment investment and spending policies that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

purchasing power of endowment assets. Under this policy, the return objective for the endowment assets, measured over a full market cycle, shall be to maximize the return against a blended index, based on the endowment's target allocation applied to the appropriate individual benchmarks. The Hospice expects its endowment funds over time to provide an average rate of return of approximately 7.5% annually. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

(c) Strategies Employed for Achieving Investment Objectives

To achieve its long-term rate of return objectives, the Hospice relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized gains) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Hospice targets a diversified asset allocation that places greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term objectives within prudent risk constraints.

(d) Endowment Spending Allocation and Relationship of Spending Policy to Investment Objectives

The board of directors of the Hospice approves the method to be used to appropriate endowment funds for expenditure. The Hospice is in the process of amending its endowment spending allocation policy to conform to UPMIFA, which was passed by Maryland on April 14, 2009 and limits annual endowment spending to 7.0% of the annual market value per year.

(8) Related Parties and Affiliates

Advances from affiliates as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 amounted to a payable of \$762 and \$932, respectively, which were repaid in July 2016 and July 2015, respectively. Advances were noninterest bearing and did not have a stated maturity date.

(9) Functional Expenses

The Hospice provides hospice services to residents within its service area. Expenses related to providing these services for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	 2016	2015
Healthcare services General and administrative	\$ 34,834 12,404	31,343 10,934
Total operating expenses	\$ 47,238	42,277

(10) Leases

Hospice leases office space in privately owned buildings under leases ranging up to ten years. Options to renew these leases range from five to ten years. Renewal options are not included in the minimum future rental.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

Minimum future rental expenses for the years subsequent to June 30 are as follows:

	_	Rent
2017	\$	854
2018		768
2019		313
2020		320
	\$	2,255

Rental expenses associated with the facility leases amounted to approximately \$814 and \$808 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

(11) Promises to Contribute

The Hospice has received unconditional and conditional promises to give. The pledges receivable are recorded at their present value using a discount rate of 4.0%. The Hospice has two irrevocable trusts whose present value as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 is \$461 and \$487, respectively. The trusts are recorded as long-term pledge receivables, due over 5 years.

	 2016	2015
Due within 1 year Due 1-5 years Due over 5 years	\$ 1,238 1,837 461	500 727 487
Gross pledge receivables	3,536	1,714
Less discount and allowances	 (214)	(130)
Net pledge receivables	\$ 3,322	1,584

(12) Subsequent Events

Hospice has evaluated all events and transactions that occurred after June 30, 2016 and through October 6, 2016, the date the financial statements were issued. Hospice did not have any material recognizable subsequent events during the period.



GILCHRIST HOSPICE CARE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES D/B/A GILCHRIST SERVICES, INC.

Consolidating Balance Sheet June 30, 2016 (In thousands)

Assets

Pledge receivables Advances to affiliates Inventories and other current assets

Investments and limited use funds

Property and equipment, net Pledge accounts receivable Other noncurrent assets

Total assets

Total current assets

Current assets:
Cash and cash equivalents
Limited or restricted use funds
Patient accounts receivable, net
Other receivables

Total	10,625	2,460	5,932	549	1,238	1	114	20,918	79,744	12,691	2,084	284	115,721
Eliminating entries	I			I	I	(5,277)		(5,277)	1	1	1		(5,277)
Brownlow Byron Home, Inc.	113	1	!	1	1	I		113	I	256	1		369
Joseph Richey House, Inc.	190		207	61	100	562	8	1,086	2,070	3,667	275		7,098
Gilchrist Hospice Care Inc.	10,322	2,460	5,725	530	1,138	4,715	106	24,996	77,674	8,768	1,809	284	113,531
	\$												<i>∽</i>

5,174 150 762 478	6,564 274 615	7,453	85,665 8,392 14,211 108,268	115,721
(5,277)	(5,277)	(5,277)		(5,277)
572	573	1,188	(818)	369
$\frac{3}{4,763}$	4,787	4,787	(249) 427 2,133 2,311	
5,170 150 704 457	6,481 274 —	6,755	86,733 7,965 12,078 106,776	113,531
∽				∽

Liabilities and Net Assets

Current liabilities:
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Insurance reserves current Payable to affiliates Other current liabilities
Total current liabilities
Insurance reserves
Other long-term liabilities

Total liabilities
Net assets:
Unrestricted-controlling
Temporarily restricted
Permanently restricted

Total liabilities and net assets

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

GILCHRIST HOSPICE CARE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES D/B/A GILCHRIST SERVICES, INC.

Consolidating Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

June 30, 2016

(In thousands)

Joseph Brownlow Eliminating Byron Eliminating House, Inc. entries Total	1,112 — 48,380 (36) — (1,656)	1,056 — 46,724	118 65 (189) 157 323 — 3,547	1,497 65 60,428	1,924 89 — 33,022 196 6 — 3,889 365 48 (189) 8,938 164 22 — 1,358 31 — 31	2,680 165 (189) 47,238	(1,183) (100) — 3,190	5 — 685 — (968) — (451)	(1,080) — 2,456	682 — 5,279 — (414) (323) — (3,547)	359 1,318	(100) 140	(100)	(821) (100) — 3,803		(821) (100) - 108,268
Gilchrist Hospice Care Inc.	\$ 47,268 (1,600)	45,668	163 3,224	49,055	31,009 3,687 8,714 1,172	44,582	4,473	680 (968) (549)	3,636	4,597 (414) (3,224)	656	140	129	4,724	104,465	\$ 109,189
	Operating revenues: Patient service revenue net of contractual allowances Provision for uncollectible accounts	Net patient service revenue	Other operating revenue Net assets released from restrictions	Total operating revenue	Operating expenses: Salaries, wages and employee benefits Expendable supplies Purchased services Depreciation and amortization Interest	Total operating expenses	Operating income (loss)	Other income: Contributions Fund-raising expense Investment (loss) income, net	Excess of revenues over expenses	Changes in temporarily restricted net assets: Contributions Investment loss, net Net assets released for operations	Increase in temporarily restricted net assets	Changes in permanently restricted net assets: Contributions Investment loss, net	Increase (decrease) in permanently restricted net assets	Increase (decrease) in net assets	Net assets, beginning of year	Net assets, end of year

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



Consolidated Financial Statements and Consolidating Information

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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KPMG LLP 1 East Pratt Street Baltimore, MD 21202-1128

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors
Gilchrist Hospice Care, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Gilchrist Hospice Care, Inc. and its subsidiaries d/b/a Gilchrist Services, Inc. (the Hospice), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Gilchrist Hospice Care, Inc. and its subsidiaries d/b/a Gilchrist Services, Inc. as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information in Schedules 1–2 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.



October 6, 2017

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

Assets	2017	2016
Current assets:	0.007	40.005
Cash and cash equivalents \$ Limited or restricted use funds	6,367 3,651	10,625 2,460
Patient accounts receivable, net of reserves of \$2,978 and \$1,747	7,508	2,460 5,932
Other receivables	475	549
Inventories and prepaid expenses	134	114
Current pledge receivables	3,366	1,238
Total current assets	21,501	20,918
Noncurrent assets:		
Investments and limited or restricted use funds	101,401	79,744
Pledge receivables, net	1,740	2,084
Property, plant and equipment, net	12,048	12,691
Other assets	267_	284
Total noncurrent assets	115,456	94,803
Total assets	136,957	115,721
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$	4,633	5,174
Insurance reserves, current	150	150
Advances from affiliates	2,671	762
Other current liabilities	723	478
Total current liabilities	8,177	6,564
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Insurance reserves	316	274
Other long-term liabilities	615	615
Total liabilities	9,108	7,453
Net assets:		
Unrestricted	101,407	85,665
Temporarily restricted	9,928	8,392
Permanently restricted	16,514	14,211
Total net assets	127,849_	108,268
Total liabilities and net assets	136,957	115,721

Consolidated Statements of Operations

Years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

		2017	2016
Patient service revenue: Patient service revenue, net of contractual allowances Provision for uncollectible accounts	\$	51,690 (1,538)	48,380 (1,656)
Net patient service revenue		50,152	46,724
Other operating revenue: Other revenue Net assets released from restrictions		205 3,728	157 3,547
Total operating revenue		54,085	50,428
Operating expenses: Salaries, wages and employee benefits Expendable supplies Purchased services Depreciation Interest		34,416 3,501 10,184 1,426	33,022 3,889 8,938 1,358 31
Total operating expenses		49,527	47,238
Total operating income	-	4,558	3,190
Other income (expense): Contributions Fund-raising expense Investment income (loss), net		2,061 (1,182) 10,305	685 (968) (451)
Total other income (loss)	_	11,184	(734)
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$	<u> 15,742</u> =	2,456

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

Years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

		2017	2016
Excess of revenues over expenses and changes in unrestricted net assets	\$	15,742	2,456
Changes in temporarily restricted net assets: Contributions Investment income (loss), net Net assets released for operations	_	3,140 2,124 (3,728)	5,279 (414) (3,547)
Increase in temporarily restricted net assets		1,536	1,318
Changes in permanently restricted net assets: Contributions Investment income (loss), net		2,218 85	140 (111)_
Increase in permanently restricted net assets		2,303	29
Increase in net assets		19,581	3,803
Net assets, beginning of year		108,268	104,465
Net assets, end of year	\$	127,849	108,268

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

	_	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Change in net assets	\$	19,581	3,803
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense		1,426	1,358
Provision for uncollectible accounts		1.538	1,656
Realized/unrealized (gains) loss on investments		(11,029)	2,614
Restricted interest income on investments		(273)	(272)
Restricted contributions		(5,358)	(5,419)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		, , ,	, , ,
(Increase) decrease in patient accounts receivable		(3,114)	122
Decrease in other assets		71	307
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	_	(254)	1,154
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	2,588	5,323
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Change in investments and restricted use funds		(11,546)	(2,461)
Additions to property and equipment	_	(783)	(1,846)
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(12,329)	(4,307)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Payment on long-term debt			(1,266)
Transfer from (to) affiliates		1,909	(170)
Proceeds from restricted contributions	_	3,574	3,681
Net cash provided by financing activities		5,483	2,245
(Decrease) increase in cash		(4,258)	3,261
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		10,625	7,364
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	6,367	10,625
Cash paid for interest	\$	_	23

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

(1) Nature of Operations

Gilchrist Hospice Care, Inc. (the Hospice) is a not-for-profit corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of GBMC HealthCare, Inc. (the Company). The Hospice, doing business as Gilchrist Services, Inc., provides inpatient and home care hospice services and provides education about hospice care and bereavement services to the public and the healthcare community in Maryland. On October 31, 2014, the Hospice entered into an Affiliation Agreement with Joseph Richey House, Inc. (JRH) and Brownlow Byron Home, Inc. (BBH), collectively referred to as Richey, under which the Hospice became the sole member of JRH and BBH.

JRH is an inpatient hospice residence for terminally ill persons lacking a caregiver in their own homes. JRH has been serving patients in Baltimore City since 1987, providing residential, acute and respite care. JRH is a not-for-profit organization.

BBH is not-for-profit organization that provides elderly and disable persons with housing facilities services in the Richey facility since 1997.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, carried at cost, which approximates fair value, include amounts invested in accounts that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three months or less. Cash balances may exceed amounts insured by federal agencies and, therefore, bear a risk of loss. The Hospice has not experienced such losses on these funds to date.

(c) Limited Use Funds

Limited use funds are designated by the donor for a specific use or purpose. Once the donor restrictions have been met, these funds are then released for operations.

(d) Investments and Investment Income

The Hospice investment portfolio is considered a trading portfolio. Investments in marketable securities are measured at fair value. The fair values of the investments are based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes. See note 4 for the discussion of the measurement for fair value for investments.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

Alternative investments are recorded under the equity method of accounting. Underlying securities of these alternative investment may include certain debt and equity securities that are not readily marketable. Because certain investments are not readily marketable, their fair value is subject to additional uncertainty, and therefore, values realized upon disposition may vary significantly from current reported values.

Investment income or loss (including realized gains and losses on investments, interest, and dividends) is included in excess of revenues over expenses unless the income or loss is restricted by the donor or law. Investment income on investments of temporarily restricted or permanently restricted net assets is recorded as an increase or decrease in temporarily restricted net assets to the extent restricted by the donor or law.

Investment income is recorded on the accrual basis. Purchases and sales of investments are reflected on a trade-date basis. Realized gains and losses on sales of investments are based on historical cost.

In May 2005, the Hospice received an unrestricted contribution of approximately \$25 million to support the ongoing activities of the Hospice. The board of directors of the Hospice has internally designated the contribution for future use.

(e) Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Patient accounts receivable are reduced by allowances for uncollectible accounts. In evaluating the collectibility of accounts receivable, the Hospice analyzes historical collections and write-offs and identifies trends for each of its major payor sources of revenue to estimate the appropriate allowance for bad debts and provision for uncollectible accounts. Management regularly reviews its estimate and evaluates the sufficiency of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The Hospice analyzes contractual amounts due from patients who have third-party coverage and provides an allowance for doubtful accounts and a provision for bad debts. For patient accounts receivable associated with self-pay patients, which includes those patients without insurance coverage exists for a portion of the bill, the Hospice records a significant provision for bad debts for patients that are unable or unwilling to pay for the portion of the bill representing their financial responsibility. Account balances are charged off against the allowance for doubtful accounts after all means of collection have been exhausted.

Hospice allowance for doubtful accounts increased from 23% to 28% of gross accounts receivable from June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017. During 2017, the Hospice implemented a new electronic medical record and billing system and as a result, management determined additional reserves were necessary.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

The activity in the allowance for bad debts is summarized as follows for the fiscal years ended June 30:

	 2017	2016
Beginning balance	\$ 1,747	2,956
Provision for uncollectible accounts	1,538	1, 65 6
Less write offs	 (307)	(2,865)
Ending balance	\$ 2,978	1,747

(f) Ground Lease

Ground lease represents the prepayment to Sheppard Pratt Health System for the lease of land used by the Hospice for its inpatient building. The ground lease is being amortized over 40 years, through March 2033, which is the life of the lease. Ground lease expense was \$16 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and is recorded as purchased services on the consolidated statements of operations. Ground lease prepayments are included in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets.

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 3 to 36 years. The cost and accumulated depreciation relating to property, plant, and equipment sold or retired are removed from the respective accounts at the time of disposition and the resulting gain or loss is reflected in the consolidated statements of operations.

(h) Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities consist of a capital advance in the amount of \$615 from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The capital advance does not bear any interest and is not required to be repaid as long as the housing remains available to eligible low-income households for a period of 40 years, expiring in 2040, and functions in accordance with Section 811.

(i) Donor-Restricted Gifts

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets to the Hospice are reported at their fair value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give and indications of intentions to give are reported at fair value at the date the gift is received. The gifts are reported as either temporarily or permanently restricted if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose of the restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified as unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reported as unrestricted contributions in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

(j) Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use by the Hospice has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose. Permanently restricted net assets have been restricted by donors to be maintained by the Hospice in perpetuity.

Richey is 1 of 6 named beneficiaries of a charitable trust and receives annual distributions for 50 years, which began in 2005. The distributions are to be used for the unrestricted general charitable purpose of the Richey. After the 50 years, the trust corpus will be distributed to the charities as long as they continue to qualify as a charitable organization under Sections 171(c) and 2055(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The corpus must be used to create an endowment fund which is permanently restricted and the income should be used for the organization's unrestricted general charitable purpose. The fair value of the trust is included in permanently restricted net assets.

(k) Net Patient Service Revenue

Net patient service revenue is billed on a per-diem basis based on the Medicare fee schedule and contractual agreements for other third-party payors.

(I) Excess of Revenues over Expenses

The consolidated statements of operations include a performance indicator, excess of revenues over expenses. The changes in unrestricted net assets that are excluded from excess of revenues over expenses, consistent with industry practice, include contributions of long-lived assets, including assets acquired using contributions, which by donor restriction were to be used for the purpose of acquiring such assets.

(m) Financial Assistance

As part of the Hospice's mission, it provides hospice care without discrimination on any grounds, including the patients' ability to pay for services. Patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy receive free care or services for which the Hospice accepts payments at less than its established rates.

Because the Hospice does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue. Based on established rates, the Hospice recorded \$437 and \$340 of charity care in 2017 and 2016, respectively. The total direct and indirect cost of providing the financial assistance was approximately \$206 and \$221 in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

(n) Income Taxes

The Hospice is a not-for-profit corporation as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and is exempt from federal income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Code.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

The Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes clarifies the accounting for uncertainty of income tax positions. This guidance defines the threshold for recognizing tax return positions in the financial statements as "more likely than not" that the position is sustainable, based on its technical merits. This standard also provides guidance on the measurement, classification and disclosure of tax return positions in the consolidated financial statements. The Hospice has adopted this guidance, and there were no amounts recorded in the consolidated financial statements during the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 for uncertain tax positions.

(o) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(p) New Accounting Pronouncements

In 2017, the Hospice adopted ASU No. 2014-15, *Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern (Topic 205-40).* This ASU establishes the requirement for management to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. Management's evaluation should be based on relevant conditions and events that are known and reasonably knowable at the date that the financial statements are issued. Management performed an evaluation as required in this amendment and determined there are no conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the Hospice's ability to continue as a going concern.

In 2017, the Hospice adopted ASU No. 2015-07, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share. This ASU removes the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share practical expedient. The amendments also remove the requirement to make certain disclosures for all investments that are eligible to be measured at fair value using the net asset value per share practical expedient. Rather, those disclosures are limited to investments for which the entity has elected to measure the fair value using that practical expedient. This change has been applied retrospectively to July 1, 2015 and was a disclosure only impact. There was no impact on the consolidated balance sheets or statements of operations and changes in net assets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

The FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*. This ASU establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from the entity's contracts with customers. Particularly, that an entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU No. 2014-09 is effective for fiscal year 2019. Hospice does not anticipate that the adoption of this ASU will have a material impact on its financial position or its results of operations.

The FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, which will require lessees to recognize most leases on-balance sheet, which will increase their reported assets and liabilities. The adoption of ASU No. 2016-02 is effective in fiscal year 2020, and will require application of the new guidance at the beginning of the earliest comparable period presented. Early adoption is permitted. Hospice is currently assessing the impact of the adoption of ASU No. 2016-02 which is expected to increase the Company's assets and liabilities but not have a significant impact on the results of operations.

The FASB issued ASU No. 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958)*, which amends the requirements for financial statements and notes in Topic 958, Not-for-Profit Entities (NFP), and requires a NFP to:

- Reduce the number of net asset classes presented from three to two: with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions;
- Present expenses by their functional and their natural classifications in one location in the financial statements;
- Provide quantitative and qualitative information about management of liquid resources and availability of financial assets to meet cash needs within one year of the balance sheet date.

The adoption of ASU No. 2016-14 is effective in fiscal year 2019, and is applied retrospectively in the year of adoption. Hospice does not anticipate that the adoption of this ASU will have a material impact on its financial position and results of operations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

(3) Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Hospice grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of patient service revenue and patient accounts receivable from third parties as of and for the years ended June 30 is as follows:

	Accounts red	eivable	Reveni	ue
·	2017	2016	2017	2016
Medicare	80 %	66 %	86 %	86 %
Medicaid	5	4	3	3
Blue cross	3	6	3	1
Commercial managed care				
entities	4	8	4	6
Other third party payors	8	16	4	4
Total	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

The Hospice provides hospice services in the state of Maryland. The Hospice and other healthcare providers are subject to certain inherent risks, including: dependence on revenue derived from reimbursement by the federal Medicare and state Medicaid programs, and government regulation, government budgetary constraints, and proposed legislative and regulatory changes.

The Medicare and state Medicaid reimbursement programs represent a substantial portion of the Hospice's revenues and the Hospice's operations are subject to a variety of other federal, state, and local regulatory requirements. Failure to maintain required regulatory approvals and licenses and/or changes in such regulatory requirements could have a significant adverse effect on the Hospice. Changes in federal and state reimbursement funding mechanisms and related government budgetary constraints could have a significant adverse effect on the Hospice.

As a result of recently enacted and pending federal healthcare reform legislation, substantial changes are anticipated in the U.S. healthcare system. Such legislation includes numerous provisions affecting the delivery of healthcare services, the financing of healthcare costs, reimbursement to healthcare providers, and the legal obligations of health insurers, providers, and employers. These provisions are currently slated to take effect at specified times over the next decade. This federal healthcare reform legislation did not affect the 2017 and 2016 consolidated financial statements.

Additional Documentation Requests (ADR) began in December 2009 to perform prepayment reviews of claims targeted to those services with the highest improper payments. ADR reviews at the Hospice covered areas of beneficiary election statement, certification, plans of care and eligibility.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

(4) Investments and Limited Use Funds

Guidance for fair value measurements establishes a hierarchy of valuation inputs based on the extent to which the inputs are observable in the marketplace. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity and unobservable inputs reflect the entities own assumptions about how market participants would value an asset or liability based on the best information available. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value under current guidance must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The guidance describes a fair value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, that may be used to measure fair value.

The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used by the Hospice for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The three levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the same term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The tables below present the balances of assets measured at fair value by level, excluding alternative investments in the amount of \$1,171 and \$356, which are accounted for under the equity method, as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively:

	June 30, 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Managed cash funds	9,798	_	_	9,798
Common stock	48,638	_	_	48,638
Foreign stock	3,536	_	_	3,536
Mutual funds	11,993			11,993_
Total equity	64,167			64,167
Bonds - fixed income	_	363	_	363
Bonds – fixed income international	_	51	_	51
Mutual funds - fixed income	_	29,385	_	29,385
Municipal bonds		117		117
Total fixed income		29,916		29,916
Total investment and limited or restricted				
use funds	73,965	29,916	_	103,881
Less current portion	3,651			3,651
Total noncurrent investment and limited or restricted				
use funds \$	70,314	29,916		100,230

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
June 30, 2017 and 2016
(In thousands)

			June 30	, 2016	
	_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Managed cash funds	\$	4,035	_	_	4,035
Common stock		39,299	58	232	39,589
Foreign stock		3,241	_	_	3,241
Mutual funds	_	9,135			9,135
Total equity	_	51,675	58	232_	51,965
Corporate debt securities			2,455		2,455
Bonds – U.S. Treasury		134		_	134
Bonds – federal agency backed		_	96	_	96
Bonds - fixed income		_	474	_	474
Bonds – fixed income international		_	52	_	52
Mutual funds – fixed income		_	22,511	_	22,511
Municipal bonds	_		126		126
Total fixed income	_	134	25,714		25,848
Total investment and limited or restricted					
use funds		55,844	25,772	232	81,848
Less current portion	_	2,460		<u> </u>	2,460
Total noncurrent investment and limited or restricted					
use funds	\$_	53,384	25,772	232	79,388

Hospice values Level 1 marketable securities using the closing market prices as of the valuation date. Fair values determined by Level 1 inputs utilize quoted trades at least weekly in an active market. The Hospice values Level 2 investments using the current prices published. Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs utilize data points that are observable, such as quoted prices, interest rates, and yield curves.

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the alternative investments consisted of subscription partnership agreements with capital commitments of approximately \$1.9 million which are subject to periodic distributions. These alternative investments are valued at fair value using Net Asset Value or equivalent as determined by the General Partner in the absence of readily ascertainable market values. Distributions under this investment structure are made to investors through the liquidation of the underlying assets. All assets are unable to be fully distributed to the limited partners until the dissolution of the partnership, which may not be until a point in the future. The fair value of limited partnership interests is generally based on fair value capital balances reported by the underlying partnerships, subject to management review and

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

adjustment. Security values of companies traded on exchanges, or quoted on NASDAQ, are based upon the last reported sales price on the valuation date. Security values of companies traded over the counter, but not quoted on NASDAQ, and securities for which no sale occurred on the valuation date are based upon the last quoted bid price. The value of any security for which a market quotation is not readily available may be its cost, provided however, that the General Partner adjusts such cost value to reflect any bona fide third party transactions in such a security between knowledgeable investors, of which the General Partner has knowledge. In the absence of any such third party transactions, the General Partner may use other information to develop a good faith determination of value. Examples include, but are not limited to, discounted cash flow models, absolute value models, and price multiple models. Inputs for these models may include, but are not limited to, financial statement information, discount rates, and salvage value assumptions.

The investment strategies within the alternative investments include strategies such as middle market growth, private equity, natural resources, and various other asset classes. The investments are subject to restrictions and are not available to be redeemed until certain time restrictions are met, which range from 7 to 10 years with 2 year options extensions.

As of June 30, 2016, the Level 3 investments consist of \$232 of preferred shares in a private equity fund. The private equity fund is a part of the permanently restricted trust in which Joseph Richey holds an economic interest and was recorded pursuant to the acquisition of Joseph Richey and the consolidation of its financial statements. The shares are valued at their fixed redemption value and were sold in 2017. There were no other significant transfers between levels during the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Investments and limited or restricted use funds comprise the following uses and purposes at June 30:

		2017	
Insurance settlements	\$	466	424
Donor restricted		21,336	19,281
Unrestricted	_	83,250	62,499
	\$	105,052	82,204

17 (Continued)

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

Investment income and gains (losses) for cash and cash equivalents and investments and limited use funds comprise the following for the years ended June 30:

	 2017	2016
Unrestricted income (loss):		
Dividends and interest, net	\$ 1,212	1,366
Realized gains on sales of investments	2,194	1,650
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments	 6,899	(3,467)
Total unrestricted income (loss), net	 10,305	(451)
Temporarily restricted income (loss):		
Dividends and interest, net	273	272
Realized gains on sales of investments	535	375
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments	 1,316	(1,061)
Total temporarily restricted income (loss), net	 2,124	(414)
Permanently restricted income (loss):		
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments	 85	(111)
Total permanently restricted income (loss), net	 85_	(111)
Total investment income (loss)	\$ 12,514	(976)

(5) Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment as of June 30 consisted of the following:

	 2017	2016
Land and land improvements	\$ 114	114
Buildings and building service equipment	18,961	18,401
Leasehold improvements	53	192
Office furniture and equipment	 <u>5,954</u>	5,591
	25,082	24,298
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (13,034)	(11,607)
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 12,048	12,691
Depreciation expense	\$ 1,426	1,358

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

(6) Long-Term Debt

On December 13, 2015, the Company repaid the mortgage payable and line of credit, which were assumed in connection with the acquisition of Richey.

(7) Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets available for the following purposes and amounts released as of and for the years ended June 30 were as follows:

	 Available balance		Releas	sed
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Charity and uncompensated				
care	\$ 3,675	2,739	887	985
Jewish Hospice Program	3,376	2,697	_	
Departmental needs	1,128	1,024	2,078	1,869
Gilchrist Kids	959	948	200	370
Time restriction	472	561	100	<u></u>
Joseph Richey	 318	423	463_	323
Total temporarily restricted net				
assets	\$ 9,928	8,392	3,728	3,547

Permanently restricted net assets as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 are restricted to the following:

	 2017	2016
Endowment for charity and uncompensated care	\$ 11,380	10,068
Joseph Richey endowment	2,218	2,133
Gilchrist kids endowment	2,456	1,885
Jewish Hospice Program	 460	125
Total permanently restricted net assets	\$ 16,514	14,211

The Hospice's endowment fund consists of a \$10 million endowment for charity and uncompensated care, as well as other donations from individual donors. Earnings on the endowment for charity and uncompensated care are temporarily restricted for such purposes.

During fiscal year 2012, the Board of Directors of the Hospice established the Gilchrist Kids endowment with an initial goal of raising \$5 million.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

The Hospice has no internal board-designated endowment funds recorded in unrestricted net assets. The net assets associated with endowment are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Hospice has interpreted the "Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act" (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Hospice classifies as permanently restricted net assets the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure of the Hospice in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Hospice considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund
- The purposes of the Hospice and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- General economic conditions
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- · Other resources of the organization
- The investment policies of the organization

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

The Hospice had the following activities to its endowment fund during the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, delineated by net asset class:

		Unrestricted	Temporary restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2015	\$		4,189	14,182	18,371
Investment return: Investment income, net Net depreciation (realized and		_	296	_	296
unrealized)	_		(689)	(111)	(800)
Total investment return		_	(393)	(111)	(504)
Contributions Appropriation of endowment assets		_	_	140	140
for expenditure	_		(1,081)_		(1,081)
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2016	_		2,715	14,211	16,926
Investment return: Investment income, net Net appreciation (realized and		_	265	_	265
unrealized)	_		1,859	85	1,944
Total investment return		_	2,124	85	2,209
Contributions Appropriation of endowment assets		_		2,218	2,218
for expenditure	_		(887)		(887)
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2017	\$_		3,952	16,514	20,466

(a) Endowment Funds with Deficits

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the value of the initial and subsequent donor gift amounts (deficit). When donor endowment deficits exist, they are classified as a reduction of unrestricted net assets. There were no deficits as of June 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2016, there was one endowment with a deficit that was insignificant.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

(b) Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Hospice has adopted endowment investment and spending policies that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of endowment assets. Under this policy, the return objective for the endowment assets, measured over a full market cycle, shall be to maximize the return against a blended index, based on the endowment's target allocation applied to the appropriate individual benchmarks. The Hospice expects its endowment funds over time to provide an average rate of return of approximately 7.5% annually. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

(c) Strategies Employed for Achieving Investment Objectives

To achieve its long-term rate of return objectives, the Hospice relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized gains) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Hospice targets a diversified asset allocation that places greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term objectives within prudent risk constraints.

(d) Endowment Spending Allocation and Relationship of Spending Policy to Investment Objectives

The board of directors of the Hospice approves the method to be used to appropriate endowment funds for expenditure. The Hospice is in the process of amending its endowment spending allocation policy to conform to UPMIFA, which was passed by Maryland on April 14, 2009 and limits annual endowment spending to 7.0% of the annual market value per year.

(8) Related Parties and Affiliates

Advances from affiliates as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 amounted to a payable of \$2,671 and \$762, respectively, which was repaid in July 2017 and July 2016, respectively. Advances were non-interest-bearing and did not have a stated maturity date.

(9) Functional Expenses

The Hospice provides hospice services to residents within its service area. Expenses related to providing these services for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	 2017	2016
Healthcare services	\$ 38,249	34,834
General and administrative	 11,278	12,404
Total operating expenses	\$ 49,527	47,238

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands)

(10) Leases

Hospice leases office space in privately owned buildings under leases ranging up to 10 years through 2020. Options to renew these leases range from 5 to 10 years. Renewal options are not included in the minimum future rental.

Minimum future rental expenses for the years subsequent to June 30 are as follows:

	 Rent
2018	\$ 768
2019	313
2020	 320
	\$ 1,401

Rental expenses associated with the facility leases amounted to approximately \$840 and \$814 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

(11) Promises to Contribute

The Hospice has received unconditional and conditional promises to give. The pledges receivable are recorded at their present value using a discount rate of 4.0%. The Hospice has two irrevocable trusts whose present value as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 is \$469 and \$461, respectively. The trusts are recorded as long-term pledge receivables, due over 5 years.

	_	2017	2016
Due within 1 year	\$	3,366	1,238
Due 1-5 years		1,460	1,837
Due over 5 years		469	461
Gross pledge receivables		5,295	3,536
Less discount and allowances		(189)	(214)
Net pledge receivables	\$	5,106	3,322

(12) Subsequent Events

Hospice has evaluated all events and transactions that occurred after June 30, 2017 and through October 6, 2017 the date the financial statements were issued. Hospice did not have any material recognizable subsequent events during the period.



Consolidating Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017

Assets

Pledge receivables Advances to affiliates Inventories and other current assets

Total current assets

Investments and limited use funds Property and equipment, net

Pledge accounts receivable

Other noncurrent assets

Total assets

Cash and cash equivalents Limited or restricted use funds Patient accounts receivable, net

Current assets:

Other receivables

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Total	6,367 3,651 7,508 475 3,366	21,501 101,401 12,048 1,740 267 136,957	4,633 150 2,671 723 8,177 316 615 9,108 101,407 9,928 16,514
Eliminating entries		(6,979)	(6,979) (6,979) (6,979)
Brownlow Byron Home, Inc.	157	157 232 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	770 771 777 615 1,386
Joseph Richey House, Inc.	807 373 18 100 759 5	2,062 2,156 3,509 181 7,908	6,791 6,811 6,811 6,811 (1,434) 313 2,218
Gilchrist Hospice Care Inc.	\$ 5,403 3,651 7,135 457 3,266 6,220 129	26,261 99,245 8,307 1,559 267 \$ 135,639	\$ 4,632 150 2,089 703 77574 316 7,574 316 7,890 103,838 9,615 14,296

Liabilities and Net Assets

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses Insurance reserves current Payable to affiliates

Other current liabilities

Total current liabilities

Insurance reserves Other long-term liabilities

Total liabilities

Net assets:

Unrestricted-controlling Temporarily restricted Permanently restricted

Total liabilities and net assets

127,849 136,957

(887) 389

(6.979)

7,908 1,097

\$ 135,639 127,749

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Consolidating Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

June 30, 2017

(In thousands)

	<u>ან</u> ∋	Gilchrist	4			
	£ ~	Care Inc.	Richey House, Inc.	Byron Home, Inc.	Eliminating entries	Total
Operating revenues: Patient service revenue net of contractual allowances Provision for uncollectible accounts	€	50,573 (1,434)	1,117 (104)	1 1		51,690 (1,538)
Net patient service revenue		49,139	1,013	I	ſ	50,152
Other operating revenue Net assets released from restrictions		207	236 463	99	(304)	205 3,728
Total operating revenue		52,611	1,712	99	(304)	54,085
Operating expenses: Salaries, wages and employee benefits		32,148	2,092	176	1	34,416
Expendable supplies		3,279	216	9	1 }	3,501
Purchased services Depreciation and amortization		9,938	512 175	24	(304)	10,184
Total operating expenses		46,592	2,995	244	(304)	49,527
Operating income (loss)		6,019	(1,283)	(178)	ı	4,558
Other income: Contributions		2.053	ω	1	1	2.061
Fund-raising expense		(1,182)	1 8	I	I	(1,182)
INVESTIGATION TO PRINT OF MINE AUTOMORPH		10,415	90	1428		10,303
Excess of feverlies over expenses		1/,105	(1,185)	(1/8)		15,742
Changes in temporarily restricted net assets: Contributions		2,791	349	I	I	3,140
Investment income, net		2,124	1	I	I	2,124
Net assets released for operations		(3,265)	(463)			(3,728)
Increase (decrease) in temporarily restricted net assets		1,650	(114)		j	1,536
Changes in permanently restricted net assets:		2.218	I	I	I	2.218
Investment income, net			85			85
Increase in permanently restricted net assets		2,218	85	1		2,303
Increase (decrease) in net assets		20,973	(1,214)	(178)	ı	19,581
Net assets, beginning of year		109,189	(821)	(100)		108,268
Net assets, end of year	هه ه	130,162	(2,035)	(278)		127,849

See accompanying independent auditors' report.